# Appendix A Data Collection Sheets

#### Appendix A includes:

- A.1 Workplace Practices Questionnaire
- A.2 Observer Data Sheet
- A.3 Facility Background Information Sheet
- A.4 Supplier Data Sheet

#### A.1 Workplace Practices Questionnaire



## WORKPLACE PRACTICES QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE MAKING HOLES CONDUCTIVE PROCESS

## DESIGN FOR THE ENVIRONMENT (DfE) PRINTED WIRING BOARD PROJECT

This document is prepared by the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies in Partnership with U.S. EPA Design for the Environment (DfE) Program, IPC, PWB manufacturers, and other DfE Partners

#### **March 1995**

\*Note: This survey is <u>not</u> as long as it looks since you will only complete a part of it. This survey has 7 sections; however, we ask you to complete only sections 1,2,3 and the section that pertains to <u>your</u> making holes conductive (MHC) process.

#### WORKPLACE PRACTICES QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE MAKING HOLES CONDUCTIVE PROCESS

#### **Design for the Environment Project**

PLEASE RETURN BY FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1995 TO: IPC - ATTN: STAR SUMMERFIELD, 7380 N. LINCOLN AVENUE, LINCOLNWOOD, IL 60646-1705

DO NOT COMPLETE ALL SECTIONS OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE. The following explains which sections you should complete based on the type of making holes conductive (MHC) process used at your facility, provides background information on the questionnaire, and describes how the data will be handled to ensure confidentiality.

- 1. This questionnaire was prepared by the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies in partnership with the EPA DfE Program, IPC, PWB manufacturers, and other members of the DfE PWB Industry Project.
- 2. For the purposes of this survey and the DfE Project, the "Making Holes Conductive (MHC)" process is defined as beginning after the desmear and etchback steps and ending prior to the dry film resist outer layer step (if required) and copper electroplating step.
- 3. Shaded sections of the questionnaire denote areas where responses to questions should be entered. Unshaded sections are instructions or keys required to answer the question.
- 4. Throughout the questionnaire, many questions request specific data, such as chemical volumes, the amount of water consumed by the MHC line or the characteristics of wastewater from the MHC line. If specific data are not readily available, estimates based on your knowledge of the process and the facility, are adequate. In cases where no data are available and there is no basis for an accurate estimate, mark your response as "ND."
- 5. Please complete Sections 1 through 3 of the questionnaire, regardless of which process is used at your facility to make drilled through-holes conductive prior to electroplating.
- 6. After completing Sections 1 through 3, please complete only the section(s) of the survey that corresponds to the MHC process(es) currently being operated at your facility, as listed below.

Electroless Copper	Section 4
Graphite-based	Section 5
Carbon-based	Section 6
Palladium-based	Section 7

If the MHC process used at your facility is not listed, you have completed the questionnaire.

- 7. If your responses do not fit in the spaces provided, please photocopy the section to provide more space or use ordinary paper and mark the response with the section number to which it applies.
- 8. Appendix A contains the definitions of certain terms and acronyms used in the survey form.

#### 9. **Confidentiality**

All information and data entered into this survey form are confidential. The sources of responses will not be known by IPC, University of Tennessee, EPA, or other project participants. Any use or publication of the data will not identify the names or locations of the respondent companies or the individuals completing the forms.

Please use the following procedures to ensure confidentiality:

- (1) Compete the survey form. Make a copy of the completed form and retain it for your records.
- (2) Separate the facility and contact information page of the survey form from the remainder of the form. Place the facility and contact information into Envelope # 1 and seal the envelope.
- (3) Place the remainder of the survey form plus any additional sheets or exposure monitoring data into Envelope # 2 and seal it.
- (4) Place sealed envelopes # 1 and # 2 into the larger return envelope and mail it to IPC.
- (5) When the package is received by IPC, only Envelope # 1 will be opened. IPC will place a code number on the outside of Envelope # 2 and forward it to the Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies at the University of Tennessee. Envelope # 1 will not be sent to the University of Tennessee.
- (6) Questions, clarifications, or requests for further information from the University of Tennessee will be relayed by code number to IPC, who will be able to contact the respondent. When it is determined that no further communications with respondents are necessary, the matrix of code numbers and respondents will be destroyed by IPC.
- 10. If you have any questions regarding the survey form, please contact Jack Geibig of the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies at 615-974-6513 (e-mail: JGEIBIG@UTKVX.UTK.EDU).

PLEASE RETURN BY FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1995 TO: IPC - ATTN: STAR SUMMERFIELD, 7380 N. LINCOLN AVENUE, LINCOLNWOOD, IL 60646-1705 (PH: 708-677-2850 EXT. 347; FAX: 708-677-9570)

#### **Section 1. Facility Characterization**

Estimate manufacturing data for the previous 12 month period or other convenient time period of 12 consecutive months (e.g., FY94). Only consider the portion of the facility dedicated to PWB manufacturing when entering employee and facility size data.

#### 1.1 General Information

Size of portion of facility used for manufacturing PWBs:	sq.ft.	Number of days MHC line is in operation:	days/yr
Number of full-time equivalent employees (FTEs):		Total PWB panel sq. footage processed by the MHC process:	sq.ft./yr
Number of employee work days per year:	days/yr		

#### 1.2 Facility Type

Type of PWB manufacturing facility (check one)	Independent		OEM	
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#### 1.3 Process Type

Estimate the percentage of PWBs manufactured at your facility using the following methods for making holes conductive (MHC). Specify "other" entry.

Standard electroless copper	%
Palladium-based system	%
Carbon-based system	%
Graphite-based system	%
Electroless nickel	%
Other:	%
TOTAL	100%

#### 1.4 General Process Line Data

Process Data		Shift		
	1	2	3	4
Number of hours per shift:				
Numbers of hours the MHC line is in operation per shift:				
Average square feet of PWB panel processed by the MHC line per shift:				

#### 1.5 Process Area Employees

Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the MHC line for each shift and for what length of time. Report the number of hours per employee by either the month or the shift, whichever is appropriate for the worker category. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry.

Type of Process Area Worker	Num		Emplo Shift	yees	Hours per Shift per Employee	Hours per Month per Employee
	1	2	3	4	in Process Area (first shift)	in Process Area (first shift)
Line Operators					Hrs	Hrs
Lab Technicians					Hrs	Hrs
Maintenance Workers					Hrs	Hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators					Hrs	Hrs
Supervisory Personnel					Hrs	Hrs
Contract workers					Hrs	Hrs
Other:					Hrs	Hrs
Other:					Hrs	Hrs

#### Section 2. General Process Data

The information in this section will be used to identify the physical parameters of the process equipment as well as any operating conditions common to the entire process line.

2.1 Process Parameters

s i ai ametei s	
MHC process line dimensions Length:	ft.
Width:	ft.
Average time for panel to complete process:	min.
Size of the room containing the process:	sq.ft.
Temperature of the process room:	°F
Is the process area ventilated (circle one)?	Yes No
Air flow rate:	cu.ft./min.
Type of ventilation? (Check one) general	local

2.2 General Water Usage

Amount of water used by the MHC process line when operating:	gal./day
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#### 2.3 Wastewater Characterization

Estimate the average and maximum values for the wastewater from the making holes conductive line.

	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM
Flow	gpm	gpm
TDS	mg/l	mg/l
pН		
Cu	mg/l	mg/l

	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM
Pd	mg/l	mg/l
Sn	mg/l	mg/l
TSS	mg/l	mg/l
TTO	mg/l	mg/l

2.4 Wastewater Discharge and Sludge Data

Wastewater discharge type (check one) Direct		Indirect	Zero	Methods of Sludge
Annual quantity of sludge generated:				Recycle/Disposal
Percent solids of sludge				<ul><li>[R] - Metals reclaime</li><li>[D] - Stabilized and</li></ul>
Percentage of total quantity generated by the MHC I	rocess:			landfilled
Method of sludge recycle/disposal (see key at right)				[O] - Other

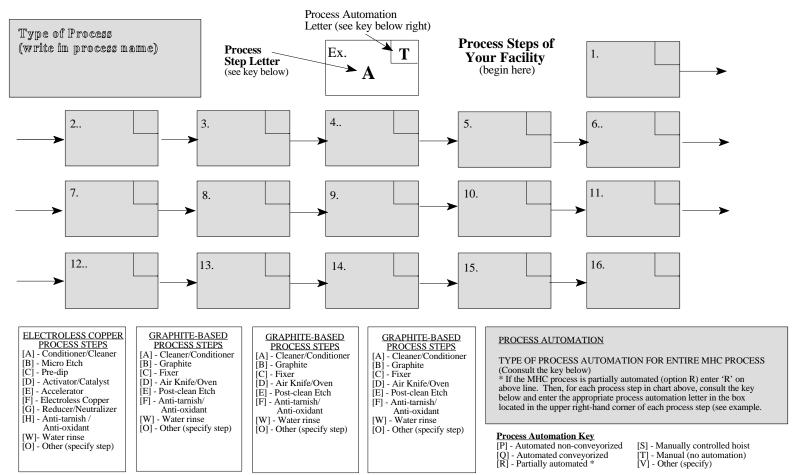
2.5 Panel Rack Specifications - (non-conveyorized MHC process only)

		o process omy	veyorized milic	ack opecifications (non con-	
		Average number of panels per rack:			
in.		n panels in rack:	ige space between	Avera	
in.	Width	in.	Length	Average size of panel in rack:	

#### Section 3. Process Description

#### 3.1 Process Schematic

Fill in the table below by identifying what type of making holes conductive process (e.g., electroless copper) your facility uses. Then, using the proper key at the bottom of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step in your process until your entire making holes conductive process is represented. If your process is not represented by a key below, complete the chart by writing in the name of each process step in your particular making holes conductive line. Finally, consult the process automation key at bottom right and enter the appropriate type of automation for the MHC process line. If the process is partially automated, enter the appropriate process automation letter for each step in the upper right-hand corner box (see example.



#### 3.2 Rinse Bath Water Usage

Consult the process schematic in Section 3.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Process Step Number <sup>a</sup>	Flow Control <sup>b</sup>	Daily Water Flow Rate <sup>c</sup>	Cascade Water Process Steps <sup>d</sup>
		gal./day	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Process Step Number** - Consult the process schematic in question 4.1 and enter the process step number of the specific water rinse tank.

#### Flow Control Methods Key

- [C] Conductivity meter
- [P] PH meter
- [V] Operator control valve
- [R] Flow restricter
- [N] None (continuous flow)
- [O] Other (explain)

#### 3.3 Rack Cleaning - (non-conveyorized MHC process only)

Complete the following section by using the keys to the right of the table to identify the rack cleaning process used.

Frequency of cleaning:		
Number of personnel involved:		
Personal protective equipment (see key at right):		
Rack cleaning method used (see key at right):		
*If the above answer is [C], also enter the process step number from the process schematic (section 3.1) and do not complete section 3.4 below.		
Average time required to chemically clean rack (if applicable):	min	1.
Cleaning schedule (see key at right):		
Is rack cleaning attended (circle one)	Yes No	C

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [A] Apron [B] - Boots
- [Z] All except Respiratory protection
- [N] None

#### **Rack Cleaning Methods Key**

- [C] Chemical bath on making holes conductive line
- [D] Chemical bath on another line
- [T] Temporary chemical bath
- S] Manual scrubbing with chemical
- M] Non-chemical cleaning
- [N] None

#### **Rack Cleaning Schedule**

- [A] After hours
- [L] During operating hours in MHC process room
- [M] During operating hours outside MHC process room

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Flow Control** - Consult key at right and enter the letter for the flow control method used for that specific rinse bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Daily Water Flow Rate - Enter the average daily flow rate for the specific water rinse tank. <sup>d</sup> Cascade Water Process Steps - Enter the process step number for each water rinse tank in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Cascade Water Process Steps - Enter the process step number for each water rinse tank in cascade with the present tank.

3.4 Rack Cleaning Chemical Composition (non-conveyorized MHC process only)

Chemical Name	Conc.	Volume
		gal.
		gal.
		gal.

#### 3.5 Conveyor Equipment Cleaning

Complete the following table on conveyorized equipment cleaning in the MHC process line by providing the information requested for each cleaning operation performed. If more space is needed or more than two cleaning operations occur,

Equipment Cleaning Data	Cleaning Operation No. 1	Cleaning Operation No. 2	Personal Protective
Description of cleaning operation: (briefly describe equip. cleaned)			Equipment Key [E] - Eye protection [G] - Gloves
Process steps affected <sup>a</sup>			[L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] - Apron [B] - Respiratory protection
Frequency of cleaning:			<ul><li>[R] - Respiratory protection</li><li>[B] - boots</li><li>[Z] - All except Respiratory</li></ul>
Duration of cleaning:	min.	min.	protection [N] - None
Number of personnel involved:			Conveyor Cleaning
Personal protective equipment (see key at right):			Methods Key [C] - Chemical rinsing or soakin [S] - Manual scrubbing with
Cleaning method used (see key at right):			chemical [M] - Non-chemical cleaning
Cleaning chemical used <sup>b</sup>			[N] - None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Process Steps Affected - Consult the process schematic from section 4.1 and enter the process step numbers of the specific steps affected by the cleaning operation.

#### 3.6 Filter Replacement

Complete the following table on filter replacement in the MHC process line by providing the information requested for each set of filters replaced.

Replacement Information	Filter Assembly No. 1	Filter Assembly No. 2	Filter Assembly No. 3
Bath filtered (enter process step from 3.1):			
Frequency of replacement:			
Duration of replacement:	min.	min.	min.
Number of personnel involved:			
Personal protective equipment (see key below):			
Type of filter (see key below):			
Number of filters changed in assembly:			
Area of filter:	sq. in.	sq. in.	sq. in.

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

[G] - Gloves

Filter Type Key [B] - Bag Filter

[E] - Eye protection [L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment

[A] - Apron

[O] - Other (specify)

[R] - Respiratory protection

[B] - Boots

[N] - None

b Cleaning Chemical Used - Enter the name of the chemical or chemical product (or bath type, if applicable) used in the specific cleaning operation.

<sup>[</sup>Z] - All except respiratory protection

#### 3.7 Process History

Complete the table below by indicating what making holes conductive process(es) your facility has employed in the past. Briefly explain the reasons for the process change and summarize how the change has had an affect upon production.

FORMER MAKING HOLES	DATE OF
CONDUCTIVE PROCESS	CHANGE TO
CONDUCTIVETROCESS	
	CURRENT
	PROCESS
ELECTROLESS COPPER	
PALLADIUM-BASED	
I ALLADIUM-DASED	
GRAPHITE-BASED	
CARBON-BASED	
CARDON-DASED	
COPPER SEED	
ELECTROLESS MICKEL	
ELECTROLESS NICKEL	
OTHER (see a sife.)	
OTHER (specify)	

REA	REASONS FOR CHANGE AND RESULTS					
Reason (see key)		Result (see key)				
	Water Consumption					
	Process Cycle-time					
	Cost					
	Worker Exposure					
	Performance					
	Customer Acceptance					
	Product Quality					
	Process Maintenance					
	Other:					
	Other:					
	Other:					

Reasons
[X] - Mark all of the selections that apply

Results of Change

[B] - Better

[W] - Worse

[N] - No change

The remainder of the survey is dedicated to questions that are strictly specific to the type of making holes conductive process operated at your facility. You should complete only the section(s) of the survey that corresponds to the MHC process(es) that is currently being operated.

Select the making holes conductive process(es) that your facility currently operates and complete only the section(s) listed. If your process is not listed, then you have completed the questionnaire.

Electroless Copper ....... Section 4 (pgs. 9-17) Graphite-Based..... Section 5 (pgs. 19-26) Carbon-Based..... Section 6 (pgs. 27-34) Palladium-Based.... Section 7 (pgs. 35-43)

#### **Section 4. Electroless Copper Process**

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the electroless copper process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses an electroless copper process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

#### 4.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESS	ING DATA	OPI	ERATING COND	ITIONS
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION <sup>a</sup> (seconds)	DRIP TIME <sup>b</sup> (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION <sup>c</sup>	VAPOR CONTROL <sup>d</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
MICRO-ETCH	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
PRE-DIP	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ACCELERATOR	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ELECTROLESS COPPER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

#### Agitation Methods Kev

- [P] Panel agitation
- [F] Fluid circulation pump
- [A] Air sparge
- [O] Other (explain)

#### Vapor Control Methods Kev

- [P] Push-Pull
- [C] Bath cover (when not in use)
- [B] Plastic balls (floating)
- [E] Fully enclosed
- [O] Other (explain)

b Drip Time - Eenter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

e Agitation - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

d Vapor Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical bath.

#### 4.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	CONCENTRATION b	
CLEANER/	1.					
CONDITIONED	2.					
CONDITIONER	3.					
	4.					
MICRO-ETCH	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
PRE-DIP	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
ACTIVATOR/	1.					
CATALYST	2.					
CATALISI	3.					
	4.					
ACCELERATOR	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Working Volume: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### 4.2 Initial Chemical Bath make-Up Composition - CONTINUED

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	CONCENTRATION b	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>c</sup> (gallons)
ELECTROLESS	1.					
COPPER	2.					
COTTEX	3.					
	4.					
REDUCER/	1.					
NEUTRALIZER	2.					
TVECTIVIEZEK	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Working Volume**: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### 4.3 Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing treating and disposing of a spent chemical bath

	Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.							
BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>d</sup>	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED <sup>f</sup>	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER								
MICRO-ETCH								
PRE-DIP								
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST								
ACCELERATOR								
ELECTROLESS COPPER								
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

#### **On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal**

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

#### Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

#### **Criteria for Bath Replacement**

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] - Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

- [G] Gloves [E] - Eve protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] - Apron
  - [B] Boots
- [R] Respiratory protection [Z] - All except respiratory
  - protection
- [N] None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of **all** the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Methods of Treatment or Disposal** - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

f Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

#### 4.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

TYPES OF BATHS <sup>a</sup>		

REMOVAL	OF SPENT BATH	CLEANING OF EQUIPMENT			NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:		Tank Cleaning Method	Chemical flush:		Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:
	Siphon:			Hand scrub:		Stock into Container	Pour:
	Drain/spigot:			Other (specify):			Scoop (solid):
	Other (specify):						Other (specify):
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:			ALS USED IN CAL FLUSH		<b>Container Type</b>	Open-top container:
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Year	r		Closed-top container:
	To open-top container:						Safety container:
	To closed-top container:						Other (specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Type of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each bath type, enter 'ALL.'

#### 4.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF	FREQUENCY <sup>b</sup>	DURATION OF	NO. OF	PROTECTIVE
DAIIITIE	SAMPLING <sup>a</sup>	TREQUENCI	SAMPLING <sup>c</sup>	PEOPLE <sup>d</sup>	EQUIPMENT <sup>e</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER			min.		
MICRO-ETCH			min.		
PRE-DIP			min.		
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST			min.		
ACCELERATOR			min.		
ELECTROLESS COPPER			min.		
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

#### Type of Sampling Key

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manual sampling [N] - None

#### **Personal Protective Equipment Key**

[E] - Eye protection	[G] - Glove
[L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment	[A] - Apron
[R] - Respiratory protection	[B] - Boots
[Z] - All except respiratory	[N] - None
protection	

#### 4.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Number of People** - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

#### 4.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL	DURATION	NO. OF	PERSONAL
			VOLUME			ADDITION	OF		PROTECTIVE
			ADDED <sup>a</sup>			METHOD <sup>d</sup>	ADDITION <sup>e</sup>		<b>EQUIPMENT</b> <sup>f</sup>
							(minutes)		
CLEANER/	1.								
CONDITIONER	2.								
CONDITIONER	3.								
	4.						min.		
MICRO-ETCH	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
PRE-DIP	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
ACTIVATOR/	1.								
CATALYST	2.								
CATALISI	3.								
	4.						min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.)

#### <u>Chemical Addition</u> <u>Method Key</u> [A] - Automatic \*

[A] - Automatic

\* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory Protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 4.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED		CONCENTRATION b	FREQUENCY °				PERSONAL
			VOLUME ADDED <sup>a</sup>			ADDITION METHOD d	OF ADDITION <sup>e</sup>	PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>f</sup>
			ADDED			METHOD	(minutes)		EQUINENT
ACCELERATOR	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
ELECTROLESS	1.								
COPPER	2.								
COLLEK	3.								
	4.						min.		
REDUCER/	1.								
NEUTRALIZER	2.								
LECTRILLER	3.								
	4.						min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.								
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
OTHER (specify)	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

Average Volume Added - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).
 Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.
 Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).
 Duration of Addition Method - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that creatific bath.

## Chemical Addition Method Key [A] - Automatic \*

[M] - Manual

\* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

### **Personal Protective** Equipment Key [E] - Eye protection [L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory protection

- [Z] All except respiratory protection [G] - Gloves
- [A] Apron [B] Boots
- [N] None

that specific bath.

e Duration of Addition - enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment

worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 4.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

#### 4.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF ACTIVITY (describe)	FREQUENCY <sup>a</sup>	DURATION OF ACTIVITY <sup>b</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>c</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
MICRO-ETCH					
PRE-DIP					
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST					
ACCELERATOR					
ELECTROLESS COPPER					
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)

b **Duration of Activity** - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

#### **Section 5. Graphite-Based Process**

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the graphite-based process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses a graphite-based process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

#### 5.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESSI	ING DATA	OPF	OPERATING CONDI		
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION <sup>a</sup> (seconds)	DRIP TIME <sup>b</sup> (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION <sup>c</sup>	VAPOR CONTROL <sup>d</sup>	
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
GRAPHITE	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
FIXER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
POST-CLEAN ETCH	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Vapor Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical.

Agitation Methods Key	Vapor Control Methods Key
[P] - Panel agitation	[P] - Push-Pull
[F] - Fluid circulation pump	[C] - Bath cover (when not in use)
[A] - Air sparge	[B] - Plastic balls (floating)

[O] - Other (explain) [E] - Fully enclosed [O] - Other (explain)

AIR KNIFE/OVEN PROCESS STEP					
Air pressure:		psi.			
Air temperature		°F			
Processing time per panel		min.			
Contained unit (circle one):	Yes	No			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Drip Time** - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Agitation - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

#### 5.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME <sup>a</sup>	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>c</sup>
				(gallons)		(gallons)
CLEANER/	1.					
	2.					
CONDITIONER	3.					
	4.					
GRAPHITE	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
FIXER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
POST-CLEAN	1.					
	2.					
ЕТСН	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
	2.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	3.					
	4					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
(- <b>F J</b> )	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Working Volume**: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Annual Quantity Used: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### **5.3** Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY <sup>b</sup>	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE	EQUIPMENT <sup>d</sup>	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED <sup>f</sup>	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>o</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER						OR DISPOSAL*	DISPOSED	OK DISPOSAL
GRAPHITE								
FIXER								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

#### On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment [C] Chemical testing
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

#### Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

#### Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None
  - protection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{e}}$  Methods of Treatment or Disposal - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

#### 5.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

REMOVAL OF SPENT BATH			CLEANING (	OF EQUIPMENT	NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:		Tank Cleaning Method	Chemical flush:	Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:	
	Siphon:			Hand scrub:	Stock into Container	Pour:	
	Drain/spigot:			Other (specify):		Scoop (solid):	
	Other (specify):					Other (specify):	
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:	CHEMICALS USED IN CHEMICAL FLUSH		Container Type	Open-top container:		
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Year		Closed-top container:	
	To open-top container:					Safety container:	
	To closed-top container:					Other (specify):	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Types of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each bath type, enter 'ALL.'

#### 5.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF SAMPLING <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY b	DURATION OF SAMPLING <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE <sup>d</sup>	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>e</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER			min.		
GRAPHITE			min.		
FIXER			min.		
POST-CLEAN ETCH			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

#### Type of Sampling Key

protection

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manual sampling [N] - None

#### **Personal Protective Equipment Key**

[E] - Eye protection [G] - Gloves [L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] - Apron [R] - Respiratory protection [B] - Boots [Z] - All except respiratory [N] - None

#### 5.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

**Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

Number of People - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

e Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

#### 5.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL	DURATION	NO. OF	PERSONAL
		ı	VOLUME			ADDITION	OF	PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE
		ı	ADDED <sup>a</sup>			METHOD d	ADDITION e		<b>EQUIPMENT<sup>f</sup></b>
							(minutes)		
CLEANER/	1.								
CONDITIONER	2.								
CONDITION LIK	3.								
	4.						min.		
GRAPHITE	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
FIXER	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
POST-CLEAN	1.								
ЕТСН	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### <u>Chemical Addition</u> <u>Method Key</u> [A] - Automatic \*

[M] - Manual

\* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

<sup>•</sup> **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 5.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	<b>FREQUENCY</b> <sup>c</sup>	CHEMICAL	DURATION	NO. OF	PERSONAL
			VOLUME			ADDITION	OF	PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE
			ADDED <sup>a</sup>			METHOD <sup>d</sup>	ADDITION <sup>e</sup>		<b>EQUIPMENT</b> <sup>f</sup>
							(minutes)		
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.								
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.								
ANTI-OXIDANI	3.								
	4.						min.		
OTHER (specify)	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

## Chemical Addition Method Key

[A] - Automatic \*

[M] - Manual

\*If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 5.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
e G. 1 · .	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

#### 5.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF ACTIVITY	FREQUENCY a		NO. OF	PROTECTIVE
	(describe)		OF	PEOPLE	EQUIPMENT °
			ACTIVITY <sup>b</sup>		
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
GRAPHITE					
FIXER					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)
 Duration of Activity - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

#### Section 6. Carbon-Based Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the carbon-based process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses a carbon-based process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

#### 6.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESS	ING DATA	OPI	ERATING COND	ITIONS
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION <sup>a</sup> (seconds)	DRIP TIME <sup>b</sup> (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION <sup>c</sup>	VAPOR CONTROL <sup>d</sup>
CLEANER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
CARBON	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
POST-CLEAN ETCH	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Immersion Time** - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Vapor Control** - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical.

Agitation Methods Key	Vapor Control Methods Key
[P] - Panel Agitation	[P] - Push-Pull
[F] - Fluid Circulation Pump	[C] - Bath cover (when not in use

[C] - Bath cover (when not in use [A] -Air Sparge [B] - Plastic Balls (floating) [O] - Other (explain) [E] - Fully Enclosed

[E] - Fully Enclosed [O] - Other (explain)

AIR KNIFE/OVEN PROCESS STEP		
Air pressure:		psi.
Air temperature		°F
Processing time per panel		min.
Contained unit (circle one):	Yes	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Drip Time** - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Agitation** - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

#### 6.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	CONCENTRATION b	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>c</sup> (gallons)
CLEANER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
CONDITIONER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
CARBON	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
POST-CLEAN	1.					
	2.					
ETCH	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
	2.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	3.					
	4					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
	2.					
	3.					_
	4.					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Working Volume**: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Annual Quantity Used: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### **6.3** Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>d</sup>	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED <sup>f</sup>	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>
CLEANER						ON DIGITORIES	DISTORES	DIST GOVE
CONDITIONER								
CARBON								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Criteria for Replacement** - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

#### On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

#### Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

#### Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory Protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None protection

**Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Methods of Treatment or Disposal** - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathbf{f}}$  Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

#### 6.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

TYPES OF BATHS <sup>a</sup>		

REMOVAL OF SPENT BATH			CLEANING (	OF EQUIPMENT	NEW BATH MAKE-UP			
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:			Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:			
	Siphon:		Hand scrub: Stock		Stock into Container	Pour:		
	Drain/spigot:		Other (specify):			Scoop (solid):		
	Other (specify):					Other (specify):		
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:			ALS USED IN CAL FLUSH	Container Type	Open-top container:		
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Year		Closed-top container:		
	To open-top container:					Safety container:		
	To closed-top container:					Other (specify):		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Types of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each both type, enter 'ALL.'

#### 6.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab

chemical baths, not aut		· · · · ·		-	<i>3</i> /
BATH TYPE	TYPE OF SAMPLING <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY b	DURATION OF SAMPLING <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE <sup>d</sup>	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>e</sup>
CLEANER			min.		
CONDITIONER			min.		
CARBON			min.		
POST-CLEAN ETCH			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

#### Type of Sampling Key

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manuals Sampling [N] - None

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None protection

#### 6.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

d Number of People - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

#### **6.7 Chemical Bath Additions**

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	FREQUENCY	<b>CHEMICAL</b>	DURATION	
			<b>VOLUME</b>			ADDITION	OF	PROTECTIVE
			ADDED a			METHOD <sup>d</sup>	ADDITION <sup>e</sup>	EQUIPMENT f
							(minutes)	
CLEANER	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
CONDITIONER	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
CARBON	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
POST-CLEAN	1.							
ЕТСН	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

## Chemical Addition Method Key [A] - Automatic \* [M] - Manual

\*If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 6.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE VOLUME ADDED <sup>a</sup>	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	FREQUENCY°	CHEMICAL ADDITION METHOD <sup>d</sup>		PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>f</sup>
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.						(,	
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.							
AITI-OAIDAITI	3.							
	4.						min.	
OTHER (specify)	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Average Volume Added - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### **Chemical Addition** Method Kev

[A] - Automatic \*

[M] - Manual

\* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

#### **Personal Protective** Equipment Kev

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

d Duration of Addition Method - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for

that specific bath.

e Duration of Addition - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 6.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

#### 6.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF ACTIVITY	FREQUENCY a		NO. OF	PROTECTIVE
	(describe)		OF	PEOPLE	EQUIPMENT <sup>c</sup>
			ACTIVITY <sup>b</sup>		
CLEANER					
CONDITIONER					
CARBON					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)

b **Duration of Activity** - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

#### Section 7. Palladium-Based Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the palladium-based process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses a palladium-based process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

7.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data

for a single tank only

BATH	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESS	ING DATA	OPF	ERATING COND	ITIONS
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION <sup>a</sup> (seconds)	DRIP TIME <sup>b</sup> (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION <sup>c</sup>	VAPOR CONTROL <sup>d</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
PRE-DIP	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
CATALYST	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ACCELERATOR	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ENHANCER								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Immersion Time** - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

#### **Agitation Methods Key** [P] - Panel agitation [

Vapor Control Methods Key P] - Push-Pull

[F] - Fluid circulation pump

[C] - Bath cover (when not in use) [B] - Plastic balls (floating)

[A] - Air sparge

[E] - Fully enclosed

[O] - Other (explain)

[O] - Other (explain)

AIR KNIFE/OVEN PROCESS STEP		
Air pressure:		psi.
Air temperature		°F
Processing time per panel		min.
Contained unit (circle one):	Yes	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> **Drip Time** - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Agitation - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Vapor Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical.

#### 7.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>c</sup> (gallons)
CLEANER/	1.					
CONDITIONER	2.					
CONDITIONER	3.					
	4.					
PRE-DIP	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
PALLADIUM	1.					
CATALYST	2.					
CHIMEISI	3.					
	4.					
ACCELERATOR	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
ENHANCER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Working Volume: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### 7.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition - CONTINUED

BATH		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>c</sup> (gallons)
POST-CLEAN	1.					
ЕТСН	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Working Volume: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

7.3 Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>d</sup>	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED <sup>f</sup>	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL <sup>c</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER								
PRE-DIP								
PALLADIUM CATALYST								
ACCELERATOR								
ENHANCER								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

#### **On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal**

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

#### Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

#### Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)
- **Personal Protective Equipment**
- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] -
- [Z] All except respiratory [N
  - protection

[G] - Gloves

**Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm e}$  Methods of Treatment or Disposal - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

f Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

#### 7.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

TYPES OF BATHS a		

REMOVAL	OF SPENT BATH		CLEANING OF EQUIPMENT			NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:		Tank Cleaning Method	Chemical flush:		Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:	
	Siphon:			Hand scrub:		Stock into Container	Pour:	
	Drain/spigot:			Other (specify):			Scoop (solid):	
	Other (specify):						Other (specify):	
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:			ALS USED IN CAL FLUSH		Container Type	Open-top container:	
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Year	r		Closed-top container:	
	To open-top container:						Safety container:	
	To closed-top container:						Other (specify):	
		,						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Types of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each both type, enter 'ALL.'

#### 7.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF SAMPLING <sup>a</sup>	FREQUENCY b	DURATION OF SAMPLING <sup>c</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE <sup>d</sup>	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>e</sup>
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER			min.		
PRE-DIP			min.		
PALLADIUM CATALYST			min.		
ACCELERATOR			min.		
ENHANCER			min.		
POST-CLEAN ETCH			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

#### **Type of Sampling Key**

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manual sampling [N] - None

#### Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None protection

#### 7.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

**Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Number of People** - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

#### 7.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED		CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL		
			VOLUME			ADDITION		PROTECTIVE
			ADDED <sup>a</sup>			METHOD d	ADDITION <sup>e</sup>	<b>EQUIPMENT</b> <sup>f</sup>
							(minutes)	
CLEANER/	1.							
CONDITIONER	2.							
CONDITIONER	3.							
	4.						min.	
PRE-DIP	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
PALLADIUM	1.							
G A TO A T TYGET	2.							
CATALYST	3.							
	4.						min.	
ACCELERATOR	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	

a Average Volume Added - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.)

#### **Chemical Addition** Method Kev [A] - Automatic \*

[M] - Manual

\* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

#### **Personal Protective Equipment Key**

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

e Duration of Addition - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 7.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE VOLUME ADDED <sup>a</sup>	CONCENTRATION <sup>b</sup>	FREQUENCY	ADDITION		PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT <sup>f</sup>
ENHANCER									
POST-CLEAN									
L									
ЕТСН									
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.								
ANTEL ONED ANTE	2.								
ANTI-OXIDANT	3.								
	4.						min.		
OTHER (specify)	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.)

#### Chemical Addition Method Key

[A] - Automatic \*

[M] - Manual

\*If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

# Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- $[L] \hbox{ $L$abcoat/sleeved garment} \\$
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Concentration - enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

d Duration of Addition Method - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

#### 7.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS		
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:		
	Pour:		
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):		
Container	Other (specify):		
Container	Open-top container:		
	Closed-top container:		
	Safety container:		
	Other (specify):		
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:		
	Stir into tank:		
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:		
	Other (specify):		

#### 7.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

ВАТН ТҮРЕ	TYPE OF ACTIVITY (describe)	FREQUENCY a	DURATION OF ACTIVITY <sup>b</sup>	NO. OF PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT °
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
PRE-DIP					
PALLADIUM CATALYST					
ACCELERATOR					
ENHANCER					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)

b **Duration of Activity** - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

#### **Definitions and Abbreviations**

Direct discharge Wastewater discharge directly to a stream or river

Indirect discharge Wastewater discharge to a publicly owned treatment works (POTW)

Zero discharge No industrial wasteater discharge

Cu copper cu.ft. cubic feet

Design for the Environment

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

F fahrenheit ft. feet gal. gallons

gal./day gallons per day gallons per minute

hrs. hours lbs. pounds

MHC making holes conductive

min. minutes

mg/l milligrams per liter

OEM original equipment manufacturer

Pd palladium

PWB printed wiring board

sec. seconds sq.ft. square feet sq.in. square inch

Sn tin

TDS total dissolved solids
TSS total suspended solids
TTO total toxic organics

yr. year

# **A.2** Observer Data Sheet

# Observer Data Sheet DfE PWB Performance Demonstrations

Facility name and location:MHC Process type:		ation Date:
Date: Contact name: _		
Contact name.		
Test Panel Run		
Make and Model of rack or panel transport	t system:	
Overall MHC process line dimensions		
Length (ft.):	Width (ft.):	Height (ft.):
Temperature of the process room:		
Desmear type (permanganate or plasma):		
Average number of panels per rack:	Average space between p	panels in rack:
Average size of panel in rack: Length (in	n.): Width (in.):	
At what % of capacity is the line currently running?	At what % of capacity is	the line typically running?
Open the panel bags. Were the bags still see If no, when was the bag opened an	ealed the day of the demonstration? ad where/how were the panels store	
Place the panels in the system. For rack sy and note the locations of the 3 test panels):	stems, note the rack configuration	(diagram the rack configuration
While running the test panels, verify eac	ch process step and complete the	table on the next page.
Overall System Timing: from system star racks); [Do not include desmear time]:	t (after loading racks) to system sto	op (before unloading
After processing the panels through the Mused and time used:	HC line, flash plate with 0.1 mil co	pper. Record the current
Current =	A	sec.

		Test Panel Run	1		
Test Board Serial Num	bers: 1	2		_ 3	
Bath Name (from schematic)	Tank or Station #	Equipment <sup>a</sup>	Bath Temp	Immersion Time	Drip Time
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					
12.					
13.					
14.					
15.					
List number, type of:  Agitation:  PA] - Panel Agitation  CP] - Circulation Pump  [BC] - Bath Cover  AS] - Air Sparge  OA] - Other (describe)  [FE] - Fully Enclosed  [OV] - Other (describe)  [OV] - Other (describe)  CRITER Type:  Heater Control:  Water Rinses:  [CN] - Continuous  [DP] - Continuous During Process  [PR] - Programmed  [PR] - Programmed  [PR] - Partial During Process  [OV] - Other (describe)					

#### **Verification of Part A** (mark any changes on working copy of Part A):

#### Throughput:

Verify the overall throughput (Part A, Q1.1) is recorded as **surface square feet** and that it is equal to the per shift throughput (Part A, Q1.4): **G** 

#### Ventilation:

Verify the type of ventilation as recorded in Part A, Question 2.1: Q

#### Wastewater characterization:

Review discharge and sludge data recorded in Part A, Question 2.3 with wastewater treatment plant operator. Did the data recorded refer to plant-wide data or MHC process line-specific data?

Verify the estimate of the percentage of waste treatment due to MHC process: Q

#### Tank volumes:

Verify the length, width, and nominal volume of each tank, as recorded in Part A: Q

#### Water Use:

Verify Part A, Question 3.2, for each tank:

Flow Controls verified Q
Daily water flow rate verified Q
Cascade process steps verified Q

Have you implemented any other water conservation measures on the MHC line? If yes, describe:

Is water consumption dependent upon capacity of the line?

#### Pollution Prevention:

Have you used any other pollution prevention techniques on the MHC line? (e.g., covered tanks to reduce evaporation, measures to reduce dragout, changes to conserve water, etc.)

If yes, describe and quantify results (note: if results have not been quantify, please provide an estimate):

If your throughput changed during the time new pollution prevention techniques were implemented, estimate how much (if any) of the pollution prevention reductions are due the throughput changes:

ter Ass'y Type 1	Filter Ass'y Type 2	Filter Ass'y Type
[Z]-All except Respiratory Protection [B]-Bag [N]-None [C]-Cartridge [O]-Other (spec		Bag
		[B]-All except Respiratory Protection [B]-None [C]-

Equipment Maintenance	
Estimate the maintenance requirements (excluding filter chan outside server calls (maintenance by vendor or service compa	ges and bath changes) of the MHC process equipment for both my) and in-house maintenance (by facility personnel).
Describe the typical maintenance activities associ repairs, motor repair/replacement, conveyor repair	iated with the MHC process line (e.g., vibration rack irs, valve leaks, etc.):
OUTSIDE SERVICE CALLS	
Average time spent per week:	
Average cost:	
Average downtime:	
Do you call service for a recurring problem?  If yes, describe:	
IN-HOUSE MAINTENANCE	
Average time spent per week:	
Average downtime:	
Is there a recurring maintenance problem?  If yes, describe:	

Rack or Conveyor Cleaning	
Is rack or conveyor cleaned continuously during the process?	
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:	
Number of personnel involved:	
Personal protective equipment (see key):	
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR	
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):	
Average time required to clean:	
Cleaning chemical used:	
Cleaning schedule (after hours, during hours in MHC room, or during hours outside MHC room)	

Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E]-Eye Protection

[G]-Gloves

[L]-Labcoat/Sleeved garment [A]-Apron

[R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection [N]-None

Rack Cleaning Method:

[C]-Chemical bath on MHC process line

[D]-Chemical bath on another line

[T]-Temporary chemical bath

[S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-non-chemical cleaning

[N]-None

Conveyor Cleaning Method:

[C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical

[M]-Non-chemical cleaning

[N]-None

Chemical Bath San	npling					
Bath Type	Type of Sampling <sup>a</sup>	Frequency <sup>b</sup>	Duration of Sampling <sup>c</sup>	Protective Equipment <sup>d</sup>	Method of Sampling <sup>e</sup>	Sample Container <sup>f</sup>
Cleaner/ Conditioner						
Micro Etch						
Activator/ Catalyst						
Accelerator						
Electroless Copper						
Reducer/ Neutralizer						
Anti-tarnish/ Anti-oxidant						
Other (specify)						
Other (specify)						
a Type of Sampling [A]-Automated [M]-Manual [N]-None b Frequency: Enter the average time		c <u>Duration of Sampling:</u> Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the tank.  d <u>Protective Equipment:</u> Consult the key for the above table and		e Method of Obtaining Samples: [D]-Drain or spigot [P]-Pipette [L]-Ladle [O]-Other (specify)		<u>'s:</u>
elapsed or number of par processed between sampl specify units (e.g., hours,	nel sq. ft. les. Clearly	enter the letters f equipment worn performing the cl sampling.	or all protective by the person	[O]-Open-to	ample Container op container top container	

Energy Usage					
For each piece of equipment in the N	MHC line using	energy, complete the	e table below:		
Equipment Type, Make, Model	Tank or Station #a	Power Rating (from nameplate)	Load (% capacity in use)	Period of Usage	Machine Control
				Q continuous Q continuous during process cycle Q partial during process cycle. If partial, record how often: Q other:	Q timer Q program Q operator/manual Q other:
				Q continuous Q continuous during process cycle Q partial during process cycle. If partial, record how often: Q other:	Q timer Q program Q operator/manual Q other:
				Q continuous Q continuous during process cycle Q partial during process cycle. If partial, record how often: Q other:	Q timer Q program Q operator/manual Q other:
				Q continuous Q continuous during process cycle Q partial during process cycle. If partial, record how often: Q other:	Q timer Q program Q operator/manual Q other:
				Q continuous Q continuous during process cycle Q partial during process cycle. If partial, record how often:  Q other:	Q timer Q program Q operator/manual Q other:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> <u>Specify</u> whether tank number or process flow diagram step numbers are used.

#### Comparative Evaluation

If the facility has switched from a previous system to the current system, complete this page.

#### **Process History:**

In Part A, Question 3.4, the facility recorded their reason(s) for changing to their current system. Have they realized this benefit to a greater or lesser extent than expected? Explain and obtain (attach) quantitative information if not given in Part A.

Were any changes made when the line was installed that were not part of the system or were optional (e.g., flow control valves added to water rinses? cascaded water rinses? etc.)? Explain:

#### **Product Quality:**

What, if any, changes were noticed in the quality of the boards produced?

#### Ease of Use:

Does the current process require more or less effort than the previous process and why (e.g., chemical bath replacement, process steps or activities created or eliminated, such as rack loading, etc.)?

Does this process require more "fine tuning" than the previous process? (e.g., can it handle a range of operating concentrations, such as bath temperature variations? does it need more frequent chemical additions or monitoring? etc.). Explain:

#### **Installation:**

How long was the debug period when this system was installed?

What were the types of problems encountered?

How does this compare with the previous system installation?

Manufacturing Process Changes: How did you change your upstream or downstream processes when this system was installed? (e.g., did you change your desmear? did you have to make changes in your electrolytic line?)

**Personnel:** Do you need the same number of operators to operate the current line as your previous line? [Verify that any changes were not caused by a change in throughput].

Waste Treatment: Have any of your waste treatment methods or volumes changed due to the installation of this syst (not associated with volume changes due to throughput changes)?	tem
If yes, describe the change(s) and attach quantitative information, if available:	
Process Safety:	
Have any additional OSHA-related procedures or issues arisen as a result of changing to the present system (e.g., machinery lock-outs while cleaning, etc.)? If so, describe:	
International Sites	
For international sites only, do any bans or phase-outs of chemicals affect your choice of chem technologies used in the MHC process? (e.g., Quadrol or EDTA ban)	icals or
For international sites only, what is the regulatory atmosphere in the country and what effects of have on the MHC process? Are applicable regulations local, regional, or national?	does it

#### A.3 Facility Background Information Sheet

# Design for the Environment

Printed Wiring Board Project
Performance Demonstrations Questionnaire

# Please complete this questionnaire, make a copy for your records, and send the original to:

Cheryl Keenan Abt Associates 55 Wheeler Street Cambridge, MA 02138

NOTE: The completed questionnaire must be returned **PRIOR TO** the scheduled site visit.

#### FACILITY AND CONTACT INFORMATION

#### **Facility Identification**

Company Name:			
Site Name:			
Street Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	

#### **Contact Identification**

Enter the names of the persons who can be contacted regarding this survey.

Name:	
Title	
Phone:	
Fax:	
E-Mail:	

## **Section 1. Facility Characterization**

Estimate manufacturing data for the previous 12 month period or other convenient time period of 12 consecutive months (e.g., FY94). Only consider the portion of the facility dedicated to PWB manufacturing when entering employee and facility size data.

1.1 General Information			
Size of portion of facility used for manufacturing PWBs:	sq. ft.	Number of days MHC line is in operation:	days/yr
Number of full-time equivalent employees (FTEs):		Total PWB panel sq. footage processed by the MHC process:	surface sq.ft/yr
Number of employee work days per year:	days/yr		

#### 1.2 Facility Type

Type of PWB manufacturing facility (check one)	Independent		OEM		ı
--	-------------	--	-----	--	---

#### 1.3 Process Type

Estimate the percentage of PWBs manufactured at your facility using the following methods for making holes conductive (MHC). Specify "other" entry.

Type of PWB Process	Percent of Total	Type of PWB Process	Percent of Total
Standard electroless copper	%	Conductive polymer	%
Palladium-based system	%	Conductive inks	\$
Carbon-based system	%	Other:	%
Graphite-based system	%	Other:	%
Non-formaldehyde electroless	%	TOTAL	100 %

#### 1.4 General Process Line Data

Process Data		Shift				
	1	2	3	4		
Number of hours per shift:						
Number of hours the MHC line is in operation per shift:						
Average surface square feet of PWB panel processed by the MHC line per shift.						

#### 1.5 Process Area Employees

Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the MHC line for each shift and for what length of time. Report the number of hours per employee. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category not applicable.

Type of Process Area Worker	Number of Employees per Shift				Hours per Shift per Employee
	Shift 1	Shift 2	Shift 3	Shift 4	in Process Area (first shift)
Line Operators					Hrs.
Lab Technicians					Hrs.
Maintenance Workers					Hrs.
Wastewater Treatment Operators					Hrs.
Supervisory Personnel					Hrs.
Other:					Hrs.
Other:					Hrs.
EXAMPLE	3	2	2		8 Hrs.

#### Section 2. General Process Data

The information in this section will be used to identify the physical parameters of the process equipment as well as any operating conditions common to the entire process line.

#### 2.1 Process Parameters

Size of the room containing the process:			sq. ft.
Is the process area ventilated (circle one)?	Yes		No
Air flow rate:		cu. f	ft./min.
Type of ventilation? (Check one) General		Local	
Amount of water used by the MHC process line when operating:		g	al./day

#### 2.2 Wastewater Characterization

Estimate the average and maximum values for the wastewater from the making holes conductive line before treatment. Enter "ND" for not detectable.

	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM
Flow	gpm	gpm
TDA	mg/l	mg/l
Ph		
Cu	mg/l	mg/l

	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM
Pd	mg/l	mt/l
Sn	mg/l	mg\l
TSS	mg/l	mg/l
TTO	mg/l	mg/l

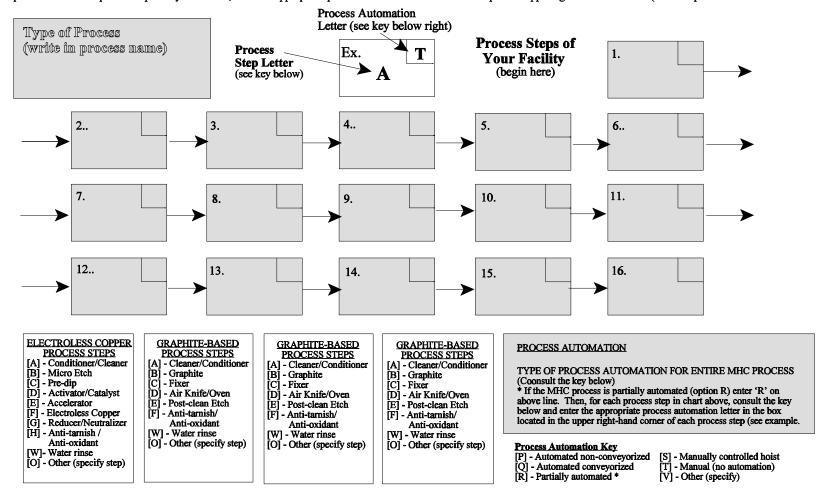
#### 2.3 Wastewater Discharge and Sludge Data

Wastewater discharge type: (check one)	Direct		Indirect		Zero	
Annual weight (pounds) of sludge generated:						
Duration of treatment (e.g., length of time for a	gallon to	be treat	ted):			
Number of employees in waste treatment:						
Hazardous chemical disposal costs (annual):						
Percent solids of sludge:						
Percentage of total quantity generated by the M	HC proces	ss:				
Method of sludge recycle/disposal:  [R] - Metals Reclaimed [D] - Stabilized and Landfilled [O] - Other (specify)						
Waste treatment chemicals used for treatment	nt of MH	C proce	ess line wastewat	er:		
Type (Chemical Name)				Quan	tity (gal./yr.)	

#### Section 3. Process Description

#### 3.1 Process Schematic

Fill in the table below by identifying what type of making holes conductive process (e.g., electroless copper) your facility uses. Then, using the proper key at the bottom of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step in your process until your entire making holes conductive process is represented. If your process is not represented by a key below, complete the chart by writing in the name of each process step in your particular making holes conductive line. Finally, consult the process automation key at bottom right and enter the appropriate type of automation for the MHC process line. If the process is partially automated, enter the appropriate process automation letter for each step in the upper right-hand corner box (see example.



#### 3.2 Rinse Bath Water Usage

Consult the process schematic in Section 3.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Process Step Number <sup>a</sup>	Flow Control <sup>b</sup>	Daily Water Flow Rate <sup>c</sup>	Cascade Water Process Steps <sup>d</sup>
Example: 8	R	2,400 gal./day	8 - 6
		gal./day	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm a}$  Process Step Number - Consult the process schematic in question 3.1 and enter the process step number of the specific water rinse tank.

#### Flow Control Methods Key

[C] - Conductivity Meter

[P] - pH Meter

[V] - Operator control valve

[R] - Flow Restricter

[N] - None (continuous flow)

[O] - Other (explain)

#### 3.3 Rack or Conveyor Cleaning

Complete the following table for your rack cleaning chemicals (for non-conveyorized MHC processes) or for conveyor cleaning equipment.

Are chemicals listed below used in rack cleaning or conveyor cleaning?			Conveyor
Chemical	Grade	Quantity used per year	
			gal.
			gal.
			gal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Flow Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter for the flow control method used for that specific rinse bath.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Daily Water Flow Rate - Enter the average daily flow rate for the specific water rinse tank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Cascade Water Process Steps - Enter the process step number for each water rinse tank in cascade with the present tank.

#### **3.4 Process History** (complete only if you have changed from one system to another)

Complete the table below by indicating what making holes conductive process (es) your facility has employed in the past. In the second table, indicate the reasons for the process change and estimate or quantify, if possible, how the change has had an effect upon production.

FORMER MAKING HOLES CONDUCTIVE PROCESS	DATE OF CHANGE TO CURRENT PROCESS
ELECTROLESS COPPER	
PALLADIUM-BASED	
GRAPHITE-BASED	
CARBON-BASED	
COPPER SEED	
ELECTROLESS NICKEL	
OTHER (specify)	

	REASONS FOR CHANGE AND RESULTS						
Reason (check all that apply)		Prior to this System <sup>a</sup>	Present System				
	Water Consumption	gal/day	gal/day				
	Process Cycle-Time	min/cycle	min/cycle				
	Cost	\$/ft²	\$/ft²				
	Worker Exposure (provide monitoring data if available)						
	Performance (provide data on changes in rejection rate, number of cycles before failure, etc.)						
	Customer Acceptance						
	Product Quality						
	Process Maintenance						
	Other:						
	Other:						
	Other:						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> If no quantitative information is available, enter [B] - Better, [W] - Worse, [N] - No change.

#### Section 4. Palladium-Based Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the palladium-based process.

#### 4.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.
PRE-DIP	in.	in.	gal.
ACCELERATOR	in.	in.	gal.
ENHANCER	in.	in.	gal.
POST-CLEAN ETCH	in.	in.	gal.
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.
	in.	in.	gal.
	in.	in.	gal.
	in.	in.	gal.

#### **4.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition**

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the

data for a single tank only.

BATH		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	
CLEANER/	1.				
CONDITIONER	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
PRE-DIP	1.				
	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
PALLADIUM	1.				
CATALYST	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
ACCELERATOR	1.				
	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
ENHANCER	1.				
	2.				
	3.				
	4.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Annual Quantity Used - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

#### 4.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition - CONTINUED

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	ANNUAL QTY. USED <sup>a</sup> (gallons)	
POST-CLEAN	1.				
ETCH	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.				
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
OTHER (specify)	1.				
	2.				
	3.				
	4.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Annual Quantity Used - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

#### **4.3** Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement <sup>a</sup>	Frequency b	Tank Cleaning Method <sup>c</sup>	Duration of Replacement Procedure <sup>d</sup>	Personal Protective Equipment <sup>e</sup>	Chemicals Used in Tank Flush <sup>f</sup>		Method of Treatment or Disposal <sup>g</sup>	Annual Volume Treated or Disposed <sup>h</sup>	New Bath Make-Up Method <sup>i</sup>
Cleaner/ Conditioner						Name:	gal/yr.			
Pre-Dip						Name:	gal/yr.			
Palladium Catalyst						Name:	gal/yr.			
Accelerator						Name:	gal/yr.			
Enhancer						Name:	gal/yr.			
Post-Clean Etch						Name:	gal/yr.			
Anti-Tarnish/ Anti-Oxidant						Name	gal/yr.			
Other (specify)						Name:	gal/yr.			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the critieria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

[E] - Eye protection	[G] - Gloves
----------------------	--------------

<sup>[</sup>R] - Respiratory protection [B] - Boots

#### **Tank Cleaning Method**

[C] - Chemical Flush	[H] - Hand Scrub
[W] - Water Rinse	[O] - Other

(specify)

#### Criteria for Bath Replacement

[S] - Statistical process control	[T] - Time
[P] - Panel sq. ft. processed	[O] - Othe

[C] - Chemical testing

#### [O] - Other (specify)

#### New Bath Make-Up Method [PA] - Pumped automatically

[RN] - Recycled on-site

[RF] - Recycled off-site

[O] - Other (specify)

[PM] - Pumped manually

Method of Treatment or Disposal

[P] - Precipitation pretreatment on-site

[S] - Disposed directly to sewer with no

[D] - Drummed for off-site treatment or

[N] - pH neutralization pretreatment on-site

[R] - Poured

treatment

disposal

[S] - Scooped (solid)

[O] - Other (specify)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Tank Cleaning Method - Consult the key at right and enter the letters for the method typically used to clean the tanks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Duration of Replacement - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Personal Protective Equip. - Consult key at right and enter the letters of all the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

f Chemicals Used in Tank Flush - enter the name of any chemicals used to clean the tanks (including water) and estimate the yearly amounts used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Methods of Treat. or Disp. - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup> Annual Voll. Treat. or Disp. - Enter th yearly amount of the specific bath treated or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Bath Make-Up Method - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the method used to fill the tanks with new bath.

<sup>[</sup>Z] - All except respiratory [N] - None protection

#### 4.4 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type		Chemical Added	Frequency <sup>a</sup>	Method of	Chemical	Method of	Duration of	Personal
<i>.</i>		1		<b>Chemical Retrieval</b>		Chemical	Addition e	Protective
				From Stock b	Type <sup>c</sup>	Addition to	(minutes)	Equipment f
					JI	Tank <sup>d</sup>	( 2,000)	11
CLEANER/	1.							
CONDITIONER	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
PRE-DIP	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
PALLADIUM	1.							
CATALYST	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
ACCELERATOR	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Cleanly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

Method Chemical
Retrieval Key
[P] - Pumped
[PR] - Poured
[S] - Scooped

M. 4. 1 CL

[O] - Other

Container Type

[OT] - Open-top [CT] - Closed-top [SC] - Safety container [O] - Other (specify)

#### **Method of Chemical Addition Key**

[A] - Automatic a[P] - Pumped manually[PR] - Poured[S] - Scooped[O] - Other (specify)

\* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last two columns.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

Key
[E] - Eye protection

[L] - Labcoat/Sleeved garment protection

[B] - Boots

[Z] - All except respiratory

[G] - Gloves [A] - Apron

[R] - Respiratory protection

[N] - None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Method of Chemical Retrieval from Stock - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the method used to obtain chemicals from the stock for addition to the tanks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Chemical Container Type - Consult the key at right and enter the letters for the type of container used to transfer chemicals from stock to the tanks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Method of Chemical Addition to Tank - Consult the key at right and enter the letters for the method typically used to add chemicals to the tanks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Duration of Addition - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters of all the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

#### 4.4 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

Bath Type		Chemical Added	Frequency <sup>a</sup>	Method of Chemical Retrieval From Stock <sup>b</sup>	Chemical Container Type <sup>c</sup>	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank <sup>d</sup>	Duration of Addition <sup>e</sup> (minutes)	Personal Protective Equipment <sup>f</sup>
CLEANER/	1.							
CONDITIONER	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
PRE-DIP	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
PALLADIUM	1.							
CATALYST	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
ACCELERATOR	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.							

- a Frequency Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Cleanly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).
- <sup>b</sup> Method of Chemical Retrieval from Stock Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the method used to obtain chemicals from the stock for addition to the tanks.
- <sup>c</sup> Chemical Container Type Consult the key at right and enter the letters for the type of container used to transfer chemicals from stock to the tanks.
- <sup>d</sup> Method of Chemical Addition to Tank Consult the key at right and enter the letters for the method typically used to add chemicals to the tanks.
- <sup>e</sup> Duration of Addition Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.
- <sup>f</sup> Personal Protective Equipment Consult key at right and enter the letters of all the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

#### Method Chemical Retrieval Key

[P] - Pumped [PR] - Poured

[S] - Scooped

[O] - Other

#### Container Type

[OT] - Open-top [CT] - Closed-top

[SC] - Safety container

[O] - Other (specify)

#### Method of Chemical Addition Key

[A] - Automatic <sup>a</sup>

[P] - Pumped Manually

[PR] - Poured [S] - Scooped

[O] - Other (specify)

# \* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last two columns.

# Personal Protective Equipment

[E] - Eye protection

[L] - Labcoat/Sleeved garment

protection [B] - Boots

[Z] - All except respiratory

[G] - Gloves

[A] - Apron

[R] - Respiratory protection

[N] - None

#### 4.5 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

ВАТН ТҮРЕ	TYPE OF ACTIVITY (Describe)	FREQUENCY <sup>a</sup>	DURATION OF ACTIVITY <sup>b</sup>	NUMBER OF PEOPLE °	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
PRE-DIP					
CATALYST					
ACCELERATOR					
ENHANCER					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Duration of Activity - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Personal Protect. Equip. - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

# **A.4** Supplier Data Sheet

# DfE Printed Wiring Board Project Alternative Technologies for Making Holes Conductive (MHC)

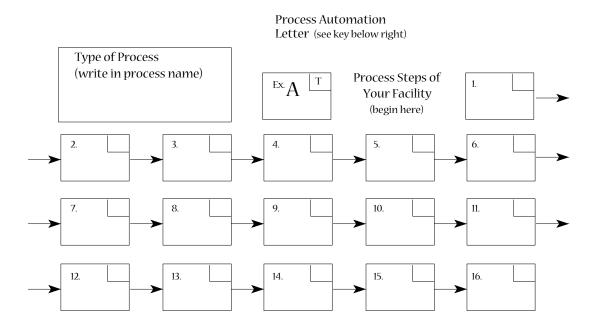
# **Manufacturer/Supplier Product Data Sheet**

Manufacturer Name:	
Address:	
Phone:	
Fax:	
How many alternative making holes conduc	tive product lines will you submit for testing?
if you have not already done so, please su	roduct line you wish to submit for testing. In addition bmit the material safety data sheets (MSDS), product rer instructions for each product line submitted.
Product Line Name:	Category:*
* Categories of Product Lines:	
A. Electroless copper	G. Anisotropic
B. Carbon-based	H. Electroless Nickel
C. Graphite-based	I. Drill Smear (Lomerson)
D. Palladium-based	J. Conductive inks
E. Non-formaldehyde electroless	K. Conductive polymer
F. Copper seed	L. Other
product line at which you would like your	dentify one or two facilities that are currently using the product demonstrated. Also, identify the location of the a customer production site, 2) a customer test site, or 3
Facility 1 Name and Location:	
Type of Site:	
Facility Contact:	
May we contact the facility at this time (yo	es or no):
Type of Site:	Phone:
	es or no):
ina , contact the facility at this time (ye	or no).

#### **Process Description**

#### **Process Schematic**

Fill in the table below by identifying what type of making holes conductive process (e.g., electroless copper) your facility uses. Then, using the key at the bottom left of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first bath step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step in your process until your entire making holes conductive process is represented. If your process step is not represented by the key below, complete the chart by writing in the name of the process step in your particular making holes conductive line. Finally, consult the process automation key at bottom right and enter the appropriate type of automation for the MHC process line. If the process is partially automated, enter the appropriate process automation letter for each step in the upper right-hand corner box (see example).



Standard Bath Types		Process Automation		
[A] - Center	[L] - Carbon	Type of Process Automation for Entire MHC Process		
[B] - Conditioner	[M] - Fixer	(Consult the key below)		
[C] - Micro-Etch	[N] - Reducer	If the MHC process is partially automated (option R), enter 'R" on above line.		
[D] - Pro-dip	[P] - Air Knife/Oven	Then, for each process step in chart above, consult the key below and enter the		
[E] - Catalyst	[Q] - High pressure water	appropriate process automation letter in the box located in the upper right hand		
[F] - Activator	[R] - Neutralizer	corner of each process step (see example).		
[G] - Accelerator	[S] - Anti-tarnish			
[H] - Enhancer	[W] - Water rinse	Process Automation Key		
[J] - Electroless Copper	[O] - Other (specify step)	[P] - Automated on-conveyorized [S] - Manually controlled hoist		
[K] - Graphite		[Q] - Automated conveyorized [T] - Manual (no information)		
		[R] - Partially automated [A] - All of the above		
		[V] - Other (specify)		

Baths — Chemical Composition	Chemical Composition/Characteristics of Spent Bath <sup>a</sup>	Standard Container Size
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
Comments:	1	

Product Line Name \_\_\_\_\_

Special Product Characteristics
1. Does the process operate as a vertical process, horizontal process, or either?
2. Is the process pattern-plate or panel-plate?
3. Does the process require scrubbing of panel after completion?
4. Does the process require spray etch, scrub, or high-pressure rinse before imaging or electroplating? If so, which?
5. Are there any limitations for the acid copper plating process (e.g., pattern microetch, tank configuration, ASF)? Please explain.
6. Are there any constraints on hold times as a result of the MHC process?
7. Please state cycle time.
8. Please describe any special process equipment recommended (e.g. high pressure rinse, air
knife, dryer, aging equipment, etc.).
Product Line Constraints
1. Please list substrate compatibilities (e.g. BT, cyanate ester, Teflon, Kevlar, copper invar
copper, polyethylene, other [specify]).
2. Please list compatibilities with drilling techniques.
3. Please list compatibilities with desmear processes (e.g. neutralization after permanganate, plasma, etc.).
4. List range of aspect ratio capacity.
5. List range of hole sizes.
6. List recommended oxide processes.
Other general comments about the product line (include any known impacts on other process steps).

## **Bath Life**

Please fill in the following table (for bath listings, please refer back to your process description on page 2):

Bath	Recommended Treatment/ Disposal Method <sup>a</sup>	Criteria for Dumping Bath <sup>b</sup> (e.g., time, ft <sup>2</sup> of panel processed, conductivity, etc.)	Recommended Bath Life
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Attach and reference additional materials, if necessary

Please specify criteria for calculation in the space below:

#### **Costs:**

Fill in the price of your product for each facility category.

	Estimated manufacturer price of product line to be tested based on recommended bath life*				
		Chemical cost per square foot panel per day	Equipment cost per square foot panel per day	Water use (gallons per minute)	
Horizontal Process	Low-level throughput shop <sup>a</sup>				
	Medium-level throughput shop <sup>b</sup>				
	High-level throughput shop <sup>c</sup>				
Vertical Process	Low-level throughput shop				
	Medium-level throughput shop				
	High-level throughput shop				
Other (specify)	Low-level throughput shop				
	Medium-level throughput shop				
	High-level throughput shop				

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 2,000 surface square feet per day; 18" x 24" panel = 6 square feet
 <sup>b</sup> 6,000 surface square feet per day
 <sup>c</sup> 15,000 surface square feet per day

#### **Cost Estimate Calculation:**

<sup>\*</sup> Please include a description of the basis for your estimates (including assumptions about holes sizes, dragout, replenishment/replacement times, equipment life, and frequencies) in the space below.